# OPTIMIZATION AND ELASTICITY

Math 130 - Essentials of Calculus

18 November 2019

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We get that c'(q) = 0 when the numerator is equal to zero, i.e., C'(q)q - C(q) = 0. We can rewrite that to say

$$C'(q)=rac{C(q)}{q}.$$



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P'(q)=0 when R'(q)=C'(q), as we had previously discovered! To ensure any solutions are a maximum, we apply the Second Derivative Test which says we want P''(q)<0. Since P''(q)=R''(q)-C''(q), this means that R''(q)< C''(q).

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What we want to discuss now is how strongly a change in price influences a change in demand. For example, a 20% change in price may or may not have a drastic effect on demand. As an example, if restaurants suddenly raised their prices by 20%, it's likely many customers will choose to stay home instead. However, if gasoline prices were to go up by 20%, demand would be affected, but not by that much since people still need it.

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#### DEFINITION

Elasticity The **elasticity of demand** E for a product whose demand q corresponds to the price p = D(q) is given by

$$E(q) = -rac{p/q}{dp/dq} = -rac{D(q)}{qD'(q)}.$$

If E(q) > 1, then the relative change in demand is greater than the relative change in price and the demand is called **elastic**.

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#### EXAMPLE

A tool company estimates that the monthly demand q for their power drill is related to the price p for each drill by p = 185 - 0.06q. Compute the elasticity of demand for drill prices of \$50 and \$95.

## Now You Try It!

#### EXAMPLE

The demand function for a particular pair of sunglasses is

$$p = 155 - 0.035q$$
.

- If the sunglasses are priced as \$65, how many pairs can be sold?
- Oompute the elasticity of demand when the sunglasses are priced at \$65 and interpret your result. At this price, is the demand elastic or inelastic?

We've seen now that for an elastic demand, an increase in price produces a proportionally larger decrease in demand. Because revenue is the product of demand with price, this results in a decline in revenue.

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|----------|---------------------|--|
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| unit elastic | E(q) = 1          | at maximum   |

#### ELASTICITY AND MAXIMIZING REVENUE

#### EXAMPLE

The demand function for a manufacturer's product is  $D(q) = 75e^{-0.05q}$ . Write a formula for the elasticity of demand E and determine the price per unit that maximizes revenue.

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If the demand function for a particular purse is  $p = 150 - 4\sqrt{q}$ , use elasticity to find the price and corresponding quantity that maximize revenue.